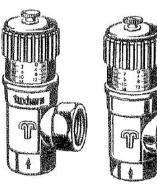
# **tixing nature**

## SYNONYMOUS WITH QUALITY AND RELIABILITY

#### Manual setting



Fia. 551 E with threaded connection

Fia. 551 E with screw-type joint Corner piece

Straight piece

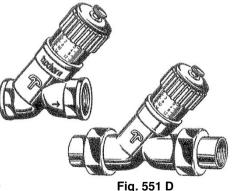


Fig. 551 D with threaded connection with screw-type joint

- The differential pressure overflow valve to be set up including adjustment scale
- For ensuring the minimum recirculating water flow ٠
- To reduce annoying flow noises •
- To relieve the load on the circulation pump ٠

## Installation and technical data

The tubra differential pressure overflow valve is installed between the supply and return lines of a hot water heating system.

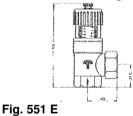
Note the flow direction. Protect the valve against overheating during welding and soldering work.

Designation Fig.	:	551E	551E*	551D	551D*	551D	551D*
Nominal diameter	:	3⁄4"	3⁄4"	3⁄4"	3⁄4"	1"	1"
DN							
Article no.	:	55121	55122	55120	55119	55126	55124
Valve body		: Bra	ISS	* with screw-type joint			
Spring	: AISI 304 (V2A)						
Spindle seal		: O-r	ing				
Adjustment		: via adjustment scale					
Operating		: Max. 110 °C					
temperature:							
Adjustment range		: 0.05 to 0.5 bar (0.5 to 5 mH2O)					
for heating systems		: app	orox. 70	) kW (a	pprox.	60,000	)
up to		kca	ıl/h) at s	90/70			

#### Adjustment

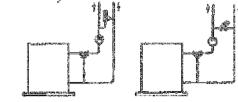
Release the clamping screw. Set the adjustment value on the scale; tighten the clamping screw.

#### **Dimensional drawings**



\* with screw-type joint

### Installation example



#### Determining the adjustment value

- 1. Refer to the plant resistance computations for the differential pressure to be set
- 2. Transfer the differential pressure to be set to the diagram and read off the matching adjustment value. For circulating gas water heaters, note the minimum water recirculation volume.

### Example:

For use as an overflow valve in a hot water heating system with recirculating gas water heaters.

Differential pressure to be set: 0.24 bar Required circulation volume: 1.5 m<sup>3</sup>/h Applicable adjustment value: 2

See also diagram below

#### Example:

For use as a differential pressure valve in a hot water central heating system

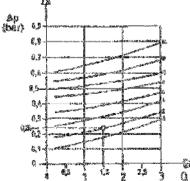
The adjustment value is determined as stated above. Assume the differential pressure under nominal conditions (with the valves open).

You can avoid the need for adjustment by using our turba®mat differential pressure bypass valve.

#### See reverse for details!

#### Flow differential pressure diagram

Fig. 551





Installation instructions and instructions for use for tubra\* differential pressure overflow valve Fig. 551 E and 551 D



Clamping screw



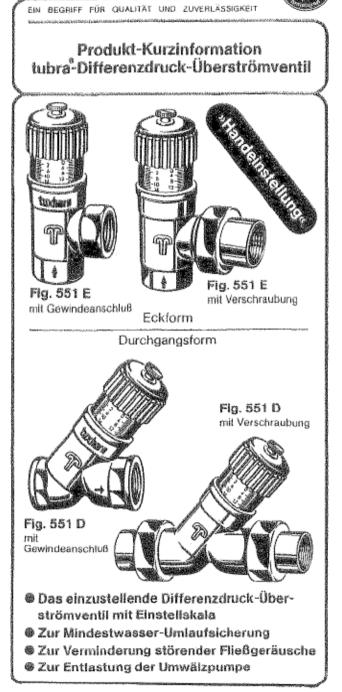


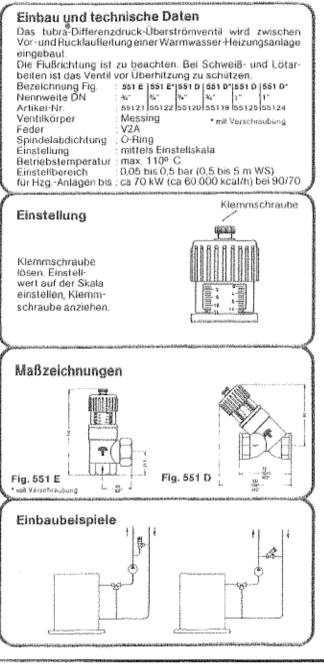


Fig. 551 D



M





## Ermittlung des Einstellwertes

- Entnehmen Sie den einzustellenden Differenzdruck der Anlagen-Widerstandsberechnung.
- Übertragen Sie den einzustellenden Differenzdruck in das Diagramm und tesen Sie den dazugehörigen Einstellwert ab. Bei Umlauf-Gaswasserheizern ist die Mindest-Wasserumlaufmenge zu berücksichtigen.

#### Beispiel:

Einbau- und Bedienungsanweisung für tubra<sup>2</sup>- Differenzdruck-Überströmventil Fig. 551 E und 551 D

Bei Einsatz als Überströmventil in einer Warmwasser-Heizungsanlage mit Umlauf-Gaswasserheizern.

Einzustellender Differenzdruck: 0,24 bar Erforderliche Umlaufmenge : 1,5 m<sup>3</sup>/h Der dazugehörige Einstellwert : 2

Siehe auch untenstehendes Diagramm

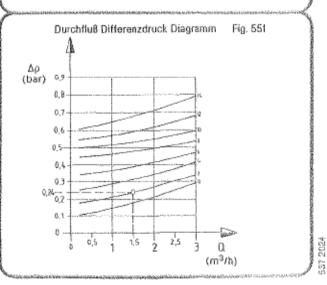
#### Beispiel:

Bei Einsatz als Differenzdruckventil in einer Warmwasser-Zentralheizung

Die Ermittlung des Einsteltwertes erfolgt nach den gleichen Gesichtspunkten wie vor. Es ist von dem Differenzdruck unter Nennbedingungen (bei offenen Ventilen) auszugehen.

Sie können sich das Einstellen ersparen, wenn Sie unser tubra-mat Differenzdruck-Bypassventil verwenden.

Information umseifig!



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